

H&E Staining, Masson Trichrome Staining, and Immunohistochemistry of Kidney Tissues

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 An abbreviated version of this protocol was published in *Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology* in Jan 2020
Induction of Autophagy by Pterostilbene Contributes to the Prevention of Renal Fibrosis via Attenuating NLRP3 Inflammasome Activation and Epithelial-Mesenchymal Transition
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How to cite: (Readers should cite both the Bio-protocol preprint and the original research article where this protocol was used)

1. Wang, Y. and Chen, R. (2021). H&E Staining, Masson Trichrome Staining, and Immunohistochemistry of Kidney Tissues. Bio-protocol Preprint. bio-protocol.org/prep1197.
2. Wang, Y., Chen, Y., Hsiao, C., Pan, M., Wang, B., Chen, Y., Ho, C., Huang, K. and Chen, R. (2020). Induction of Autophagy by Pterostilbene Contributes to the Prevention of Renal Fibrosis via Attenuating NLRP3 Inflammasome Activation and Epithelial-Mesenchymal Transition. *Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology* 8. DOI: [10.3389/fcell.2020.00436](https://doi.org/10.3389/fcell.2020.00436)

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